

14. a)	Draw the velocity diagram for the case of jet impinging on a moving curved vane and explain all the terms in it.	4	3	4	1
b)	A Pelton wheel is to be designed for the following specifications: Shaft power = 11.772 kW, Head = 380 m, Speed = 750 rpm, Overall efficiency = 86%, Jet diameter is not to exceed one-sixth of the wheel diameter. Determine: i. The wheel diameter ii. The number of jets required iii. Diameter of the jet.	4	4	4	2
15. a)	Explain the working principle of a Reciprocating Pump with a line diagram.	4	2	5	1
b)	The internal and external diameters of impeller of a centrifugal pump are 200 mm and 400 mm respectively. The pump is running at 1200 rpm. The vane angles of the impeller at inlet and outlet are 20° and 30° respectively. The water enters the impeller radially and velocity of flow is constant. Determine the work done by the impeller per unit weight of water.	4	3	5	2
16. a)	Calculate the capillary effect in millimeters in a glass tube of 4 mm diameter, when immersed in mercury at 20°C. The surface tension of mercury at 20°C in contact with air is 0.5610 N/m. The angle of contact for mercury is 130°.	4	3	1	2
b)	A horizontal venturimeter with inlet diameter 200 mm and throat diameter 100 mm is employed to measure the flow of water. The reading of the differential manometer connected to the inlet is 180 mm of mercury. If the co-efficient of discharge is 0.98, determine the rate of flow.	4	3	2	2
17.	Answer any <i>two</i> of the following:				
a)	Explain about the formation of Boundary layer over a flat plate.	4	2	3	1
b)	Explain about the layout of a hydraulic power plant with a line diagram.	4	2	4	1
c)	Classify Centrifugal Pumps.	4	1	5	1

M : Marks; L: Bloom's Taxonomy Level; CO; Course Outcome; PO: Programme Outcome

i)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 1	20%
ii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 2	40%
iii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 3 & 4	40%
